



# Ultrasonic sensor

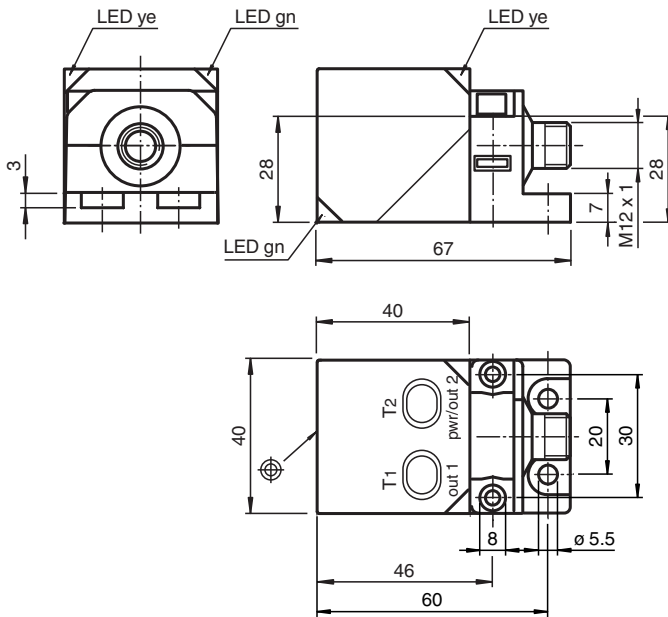
## UC2000-L2-E6-V15-Y277310

- Sensor head bidirectional and rotatable
- Function indicators visible from all directions
- Selectable sound lobe width
- Programmable
- Rugged metal base

Single head system



### Dimensions



### Technical Data

#### General specifications

Sensing range	60 ... 2000 mm
Adjustment range	80 ... 2000 mm
Dead band	0 ... 60 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 175 kHz

#### Nominal ratings

Response delay	≤ 100 ms
Time delay before availability	$t_v$ ≤ 1600 ms

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Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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## Technical Data

Indicators/operating means		
LED green		Operating display
LED yellow 1		switching state switch output 1
LED yellow 2		switching state switch output 2
LED red		error
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	$U_B$	10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 % <sub>SS</sub>
No-load supply current	$I_0$	≤ 50 mA
Interface		
Interface type		Serial interface (programming adapter required) 9600 BPS, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
Input/Output		
Input/output type		1 synchronization connection, bidirectional
0 Level		0 ... 1 V
1 Level		4 V ... $U_B$
Input impedance		> 12 kΩ
Output rated operating current		< 12 mA
Pulse length		0.5 ... 300 ms (level 1)
Pulse interval		≥ 33 ms (level 0)
Synchronization frequency		
Common mode operation		≤ 30 Hz
Multiplex operation		≤ 33 Hz / n , n = number of sensors , n ≤ 10 (factory setting: n = 5 )
Output		
Output type		2 switch outputs PNP, NO/NC, programmable
Rated operating current	$I_e$	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected
Voltage drop	$U_d$	≤ 2 V
Repeat accuracy		≤ 0.1 % of full-scale value
Switching frequency	f	≤ 5 Hz
Range hysteresis	H	programmable , preset to 1 mm
Temperature influence		< 1.5 % of full-scale value
Compliance with standards and directives		
Standard conformity		
Standards		EN IEC 60947-5-2:2020 IEC 60947-5-2:2019
Approvals and certificates		
UL approval		cULus Listed, Class 2 Power Source
CCC approval		CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature		-25 ... 70 °C (-13 ... 158 °F)
Storage temperature		-40 ... 85 °C (-40 ... 185 °F)
Mechanical specifications		
Connection type		Connector plug M12 x 1 , 5-pin
Degree of protection		IP67
Material		
Housing		PA-GF35
Transducer		epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; polyurethane foam
Mass		115 g
Factory settings		
Output 1		Switch point A1: 600 mm output function: Switch point operation mode output behavior: NO contact
Output 2		Switch point A2: 850 mm output function: Switch point operation mode output behavior: NO contact
Beam width		wide

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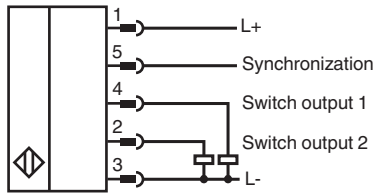
## Technical Data

### General information

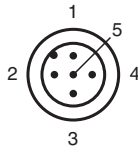
Supplementary information

Switch settings of the external programming adapter:  
 "output load": pull-down  
 "output logic": inv

## Connection



## Connection Assignment

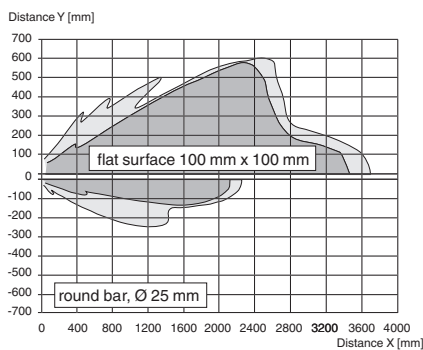


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

## Characteristic Curve

### Characteristic response curve







## Accessories

	<b>UC-PROG1-USB</b>	Programming adapter
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## Accessories

	<b>PACTware 3.6</b>	FDT Framework
	<b>PACTware 4.1</b>	FDT Framework
	<b>V15-G-2M-PVC</b>	Female cordset single-ended M12 straight A-coded, 5-pin, PVC cable grey
	<b>Microsoft .NET</b>	Connection Software

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## Programming

### Programming procedure

The sensor features two outputs with two programmable switch points, each (for a total of 4). Programming the switch points and the operating mode can be done in two different ways:

- via the sensor's programming buttons
- via the serial interface, which requires an external interface adapter

The procedure for programming via the sensor's programming buttons is described below. For programming using the serial interface, please refer to the software manual. Switch points and operating modes of each output can be programmed independently without influencing each other.

#### Note:

- Programming is enabled for 5 minutes after power-on. After 5 minutes without programming activity the programming feature will be locked.
- During any programming step it is possible to leave the programming routine without changing the sensor settings by pressing the currently used programming button for 10 s.

### Programming the Switch Points

#### Notes:

- The description below leads you through programming output 1's switch points. The procedure for output 2 is exactly the same with the only difference, being to use the Programming Button T2.
- If the red LED flashes during the programming procedure, it indicates uncertain target detection. In this case, please correct the target alignment until the yellow LED flashes. The new settings will only be stored in the sensor's memory if the yellow LED flashes.

#### Programming the Near Switch Point

1. Place the target at the desired near switch point position
2. Press Programming Button T1 for 2 s (corresponding yellow LED flashes)
3. Press Programming Button T1 briefly (green LED flashes three times for confirmation). The sensor returns to normal operation.

#### Programming of the Far Switch Point

1. Place the target at the desired far switch point position
2. Press Programming Button T1 for 2 s (corresponding yellow LED flashes)
3. Press Programming Button T1 for 2 s (green LED flashes three times for confirmation). The sensor returns to normal operation.

### Programming Modes of Operation

#### Note:

The description below leads you through programming of the modes of operation for output 1. The procedure for output 2 is exactly the same with the only difference, being to use Programming Button T2.

The sensor provides a three step routine to program the modes of operation. In this routine you can program:

1. Output function
2. Output behavior
3. Beam width

Programming the modes is carried out sequentially. To toggle from one mode to the next, press the Programming button for 2 s.

**Press Programming Button T1 for 5 s to enter the operating modes programming routine.**

#### Programming the output function

1. The green LED flashes. The number of flashes indicates the current output function:
  - single flash: Switch point output function
  - double flash: Window output function
  - triple flash: Hysteresis output function.
2. Press Programming Button T1 briefly to toggle sequentially through these output functions and select the desired mode.
3. Press Programming Button T1 for 2 s to save and enter the programming routine for output behavior

#### Programming the output behavior

1. The yellow LED flashes. The number of flashes indicates the current output behavior:
  - single flash: Normally Open (NO)
  - double flash: Normally Closed (NC).
2. Press Programming Button T1 briefly to toggle sequentially through these output behaviors and select the desired mode.
3. Press Programming Button T1 for 2 s to save and enter the programming routine for beam width.

#### Programming the beam width

1. The red LED flashes. The number of flashes indicates the current beam width setting:
  - single flash: narrow
  - double flash: medium
  - triple flash: wide.
2. Press Programming Button T1 briefly to toggle sequentially through these beam shapes.
3. Press Programming Button T1 for 2 s to save and exit the operating modes programming routine.

#### Note:

Independently programming the beam width for each individual output is not possible. The last programmed beam width is valid for both outputs. It doesn't matter which Programming Button is used.

**Factory Setting**

**Reset Sensor to Factory Settings**

The sensor has a feature to reset to factory settings

1. Disconnect the sensor from power supply
  2. Press and hold one of the Programming Buttons T1 or T2
  3. Connect Sensor to power supply (red and yellow LED flash simultaneously for 5 s then green and yellow LED flash simultaneously)
  4. Release Programming Button
- The sensor now operates with default factory settings.

**Factory settings**

See technical data.

**Indication**

The sensor is provided with LEDs to indicate various conditions.

	Green LED	Yellow LED out1 / out2	Red LED
<b>During Normal operation</b>			
Proper operation	On <sup>1)</sup>	Switching state output 1 / output 2 remains in previous state	Off
Interference (e.g. compressed air)	Off		On
<b>During Switch Point Programming</b>			
Object detected	Off	Flashing	Off
No object detected	Off	Off	Flashing
Confirmation after Programming	Triple flashing	Off	Off
Programming failed warning	Off	Off	Triple flashing
<b>During Sensor Mode Programming</b>			
Programming the output function	Flashing	Off	Off
Programming the output behaviour	Off	Flashing	Off
Programming the beam width	Off	Off	Flashing

<sup>1)</sup> off if yellow LED out2 is on

**Commissioning**

**Synchronization**

This sensor features a synchronization input for suppressing ultrasonic mutual interference ("cross talk"). If this input is not connected, the sensor will operate freewheeling using internally generated clock pulses. It can be synchronized by applying an external square wave or by means of appropriate programming via the serial interface. Each falling edge of the synchronization pulse triggers transmission of a single ultrasonic pulse. If the synchronization signal remains low for  $\geq 1$  second, the sensor will revert to normal operating mode. Normal operating mode can also be activated by opening the signal connection to the synchronization input. (See note below)

If the synchronization input goes to a high level for  $> 1$  second, the sensor will switch to standby mode, indicated by the green LED. In this mode, the output(s) will remain in the last valid output state. When using the external synchronization feature, please refer to the software description.

**Note:**

If the option for synchronization is not used, the synchronization input has to be connected to ground (0V) or the sensor has to be operated via a V1 cordset (4-pin).  
The synchronization function cannot be activated during programming mode and vice versa.

**The following synchronization modes are possible:**

1. Several sensors (max. number see technical data) can be synchronized together by interconnecting their respective synchronization inputs. In this case, each sensor alternately transmits ultrasonic pulses in a self multiplexing mode. No two sensors will transmit pulses at the same time. (See note below)
2. Several sensors (max. number see technical data) can be synchronized together by interconnecting their respective synchronization inputs. Due to programming via the sensors interface one sensor acts as a master device, all the others as slave devices. (see description of the interface) In this master / slave mode the sensors are triggered in parallel and are synchronized by a common synchronization pulse, provided by the master device.
3. Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same external synchronization signal. In this mode the sensors are triggered in parallel and are synchronized by a common external synchronization pulse. All sensors must be parameterized for external synchronization by means of the sensor interface. See software description.
4. A separate synchronization pulse can be sent to each individual sensor. In this mode the sensors operate in external multiplex mode. (See note below). All sensors must be parameterized for external synchronization by means of the sensor interface. See software description.
5. A high level (+U<sub>B</sub>) or a low level (-U<sub>B</sub>) on the synchronization input switches the sensor to standby mode if it is parameterized for external synchronization.

**Note:**

Sensor response times will increase proportionally to the number of sensors that are in the synchronization string. This is a result of the multiplexing of the ultrasonic transmit and receive signal and the resulting increase in the measurement cycle time.

**Note:**

The sensors synchronization input delivers an output current in case of low level and burdens with its input impedance in case of high level. Please pay attention that the synchronizing device needs to have that driver capability:  
driver current against +U<sub>B</sub>  $\geq n \cdot$  high-level/input impedance (n = number of sensors to be synchronized)

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driver current against  $0V \geq n * \text{output current}$  (n = number of sensors to be synchronized).

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